अनवस a. [अव्—असच् अवसः भोजनं प्रीतिकरत्वात् न. ब.] Ved. Having no (wholesome) food to eat (पथ्याशनरहित); अनवसो अनभीशू रजस्त्र्वि... Rv. 6. 66. 7; not stopping to eat by the way (?).

अनवसर a. 1 Busy, having no leisure or interval for repose. -2 Illtimed, inopportune. -3 Out of place, baseless; °रोयं घण्टानादः H. 3. -रः 1 Absence of leisure. -2 Illtimedness, unseasonableness; कं याचे यत्र तत्र ध्रुवमन-वसरप्रस्त एवाधिभावः Māl. 9. 30.

अनवसान a. [न. ब.] Endless, having no setting; free from death.

अनवसित a. [न.त.] Not ended or finished; not determined. —ता N. of a kind of Tristubh metre, consisting of four lines with 11 feet in each.

अनवस्कर a. Free from dirt, pure, clear.

अनवस्थ a. [नास्ति अवस्था यत्र] Unsteady; ंस्थो निष्करणश्च Dk. 135; unsettled, not fixed; अनवस्थो हि दर्थते युद्धे जयपराजयो Ram. 5. 37. 55; 'स्थो वायुः Si. 11. 28. स्था [न. त.] 1 Instability, unsettled condition, disorder, confusion. —2 Loose or unsteady conduct, incontinence.—3 (In phil.) Absence of finality or conclusion, an endless series of statements or causes and effects, one of the faults of reasoning (उपपायोगपादकयोरविश्वान्तिः); एवमप्यनवस्था स्याया मूळक्षतिकारिणो K. P. 2; एवं च असङ्गः S. B.—4 Not being 10 days old (दशाहाभावः).

अनवस्थान a. Unstable, unsteady, fickle. विसम्भमनव-स्थानस्य Bhāg. 5. 6. 2. —नः Wind. —नम् 1 Instability, uncertainty, unsettled nature; जयपराजयानवस्थानात् Dk.161. —2 Looseness of conduct, incontinence.

अनवस्थित a. 1 Unsteady, fickle, unsettled; न कुर्यातक-हिंचित्सख्यं मनिस ह्यानवस्थिते Bhāg. 5. 6. 3. 'स्तिमितमूढघूर्णन्नयनः U. 3 with unsteady eyes; दियतास्वनवस्थितं नृणां न खल प्रेम चलं सहज्जने Ku. 4. 28. -2 Changed, altered; अहो 'तो भूमिसंनिवेशः U. 2. -3 Faithless, loose in morals or moral conduct, dissolute (व्यभिचारिन्); नारीहित्वाऽ-नवस्थिताः Ms. 11. 138. -4 Unable to stay or remain; प्रस्थितं तमनवस्थितं प्रियाः R. 19. 31; 'त्वम्, 'स्थितिः instability, looseness of conduct. Bhāg. 5. 14. 24. -तम् Unmethodical, not in order; प्रथितं त्रिषु लोकेषु कपित्वमनवस्थितम् Rām. 5. 55. 15.

अनवहर a. [अवह-कौटिल्ये-अच् न. त.] Not erooked, straightforward. ता सम्राजा ष्टतासुती आदित्या दानुनस्पती। सचेते अनवहरम्॥ Rv. 9. 41. 6.

अनवाञ्च् a. Not tending downwards, looking up.

अनवानम् ind. [अवानः श्वासोच्छ्वासः स यथा न स्यात्तथा] Without breathing between; in one breath, without a pause, uno tenore.

अनवाय a. [अव-इ-घम् अवायः अवयवः, न. व.] Without parts (निरवयव); uninterrupted, unyielding. ब्रह्मद्विषे कञ्यादे घोरचक्षसे देषो घत्तमनवायं किमीदिने॥ Rv. 7. 104. 2.

अनवेक्षक a. Regardless of; careless, indifferent.

अनवेक्ष,-क्षा = अनपेक्ष-क्षा q. v.

अनवेक्षणम् 1 Carelessness, inattention; अनवेक्षणाद्रि कृषिः Pt. 1. 169. -2 Want of supervision.

. अनवत a. [ন. ৰ.] Not altogether destitute of holy or ascetic performances. –ব: A Jaina devotee who is so.

अनरानम् Fasting, abstinence from food, fasting oneself to death; क्रशामनशनेन च Rām. 5. 15. 23. ंनं च शायियेत्वा Dk. 156 making him fast; ंनात् उत्तिष्ठति Pt. 4. a. Without food, fasting &c.

अनरानाय a. Ved. Not hungry.

अनश्चत् a. Not eating; अनश्चनयो अभि चाकशीति Rv. 1.164.20; [°]साङ्गमनः the sacrificial fire in the sabhā which is approached before eating or breakfast.

সন্থন a. Having no horse or horses. - শ্ব: Something that is not a horse.

अनश्वन m. N. of Pariksit's father.

अनश्वर a. (-री f.) Imperishable.

अनस् n. [अनिति शब्दायते अन-असन्] 1 A cart; तद्यथानः सुसमाहितसुत्सर्जद्यायादेवमेवायं शारीर आत्मा... Br. Ari. Up. 3. 35. उद्गाता चाप्यनः कथे Ms. 8. 209; सुसलोळ्रवलाऽनसाम् (प्रीक्षणम्) Y. 1. 184, 3. 269, Si. 12. 26. -2 [अनिति जीवत्यनेन] Food, boiled rice. -3 Birth. -4 A living being. -5 A kitchen. -6 A parent (father or mother); said to be f. in these two senses. At the end of Avyayībhāva comp. अनस् is changed to अनस; as अध्यनसम् &c.; also at the end of Tat. Comp.; महानसम् &c.

अनस्य-यक a. [न. ब.] Free from malice, not envious, not spiteful; श्रद्धानोऽनस्यश्च Ms. 4. 158; श्रद्धावाननस्यश्च शृणुयादिप यो नरः। Bg. 18. 71. -या [न. त.] 1 Absence of envy, charity of disposition, freedom from spite or illwill; न गुणान् गुणिनो हन्ति स्तौति चान्यगुणानपि। न हसेच्चान्यदो-मांश्व सानस्या प्रकीर्तिता. -2 N. of a friend of Sakuntala. -3 N. of a daughter of Daksa. -4 N. of Atri's wife, the highest type of chastity and wifely devotion. [She was very pious and given to austere devotion by virtue of which she had obtained miraculous powers. Several stories are told to illustrate them. When the earth was devastated by a terrible drought which lasted for 10 years, Anasuyā created water, fruits, roots &c. by means of her ascetic powers and saved many lives. On one occasion when the sage Mandavya was about to be impaled, the wife of a sage happened to touch the stake as she passed by, whereupon Mandavya cursed her that she would become a widow at sunrise. She, however, prevented the sun from rising, and all actions of men being consequently stopped, the gods, sages &c. went to Anasuyā, her freind, who, by the force of her penance, made