the clouds, beyond the sky'. According to Yaska अदिति-रदीना देवमाता, and the verse beginning with अदितियों: &c. Rv. 1.89.16. he interprets by taking अदिति to mean अदीन i. e. अनुपक्षीण, न ह्येषां क्षयोऽस्ति इति. [In the Rigveda Aditi is frequently implored 'for blessings on children and cattle, for protection and for forgiveness'. She is called ' Devamātā' being strangely enough represented both as mother and daughter of Daksa. She had 8 sons; she approached the gods with 7 and cast away the 8 th (Mārtaṇḍa, the sun.) In another place Aditi is addressed as 'supporter of the sky, sustainer of the earth, sovereign of this world, wife of Visnu', but in the Mahābhārata, Rāmāyana and Purānas, Visņu is said to be the son of Aditi, one of the several daughters of Daksa and given in marriage to Kasyapa by whom she was the mother of Visnu in his dwarf incarnation, and also of Indra, and she is called mother of gods and the gods her sons, 'Aditinandanas'; See Daksa and Kasyapa also]. -Comp. -जः, -नन्दनः a god, divine being.

अदीन a. Not low or depressed, high-spirited; mighty, not poor; rich, happy.—Comp.—आत्मन,—दृत्ति,—सत्त्व a. not depressed in spirit, high-spirited, high-mettled.

अदीर्घ a. Not long. -Comp. -सूत्र,-स्त्रिन a. [न दीर्घ सूत्रं सूत्रवत् विस्तारो यस्य] quick, prompt in action.

अदुःख a. [न. ब.] Free from evil, propitious.—Comp.—नंबमी the propitious 9th day in the bright half of भादपद when women worship Devī to avert evil for the ensuing year.

अदुच्छुन a. Ved. Free from evil, propitious. पवमानस्य ते रसी मदी राजनदुच्छुनः Rv. 9. 61. 17.

अदुपध a. A word with अ as the Penultimate letter (P. III. 1. 98.).

अदुर्ग a. 1 Not inaccessible, not difficult of access.

-2 Destitute of forts; विषयः an unfortified country.

अदुर्मुख a. Ved. Unremitting, zealous, cheerful; यस्याजुषन्नमस्तिनः शमीमदुर्मुखस्य ना Rv. 8. 75. 14.

अद् a. Ved. Not zealous, dilatory; not worshipping; आदुव: Rv. 7. 4. 6.

अदूर a. Not distant, near (in time or space); वितिनी सिद्धि राजन विगणयात्मनः R. 1.87; उज्झितवत्मेषु मृगद्वन्द्वेषु 1.40; त्रिंशाः Sk. not far from 30, i. e. nearly 30; कोपा हि मुनिजनप्रकृतिः K. 142 easily provoked, irascible. — एम Proximity, vicinity; वसन्नदूरे किल चन्द्रमीलेः R. 6.34; त्रिंशतोऽदूरे वर्तन्ते इति अदूरत्रिंशाः Sk.; अदूरे, रम्, रेण, रतः—रात् (with gen. or abl.) not far from, at no great distance from; अदूरे प्रियासमागमं ते प्रेक्षे V. 3 not far distant, very near. — Сотр. — भव a. not being far off, being near. (P. IV. 2.70).

अद्धित a. Not vitiated, uncorrupted, unspotted, irreproachable; ेथी possessing an uncorrupted soul.

अदম a. Not proud, not vain; ^oকান্ত not proud-minded, sober, calm.

अद्देश a. [न. न.] 1 Sightless, blind. -2 Not seeing, not perceiving.

अहर्य a. 1 Invisible; किमपि भूतमदश्यरूपम् Ku. 4. 45. -2 Not capable of being seen. epithet of परमेश्वर. -Comp. -करणम् rendering invisible, a part of a conjurer's legerdemain.

अहरू a. 1 Invisible, not seen; पूर्व not seen before. -2 Not known or experienced, not felt; °विरहव्यथम् H. 1. 125. -3 Unforeseen, not observed or thought of; unknown, unobserved. तस्पाददृष्टं त्वां भयमागमिष्यति Mb. 1.3.9. - Not permitted or sanctioned, illegal; न चादष्टां (बृद्धिं) पुनर्हरेत Ms. 8. 153. - ए: N. of some venomous substance or vermin. - EH 1 The invisible one. -2 Destiny, fate, luck (good or bad); दैवमिति यदपि कथयसि पुरुषगुणः सोऽप्यदृष्टाख्यः Pt. 5. 30. -3 Virtue or vice as the eventual cause of pleasure or pain. (Fate is supposed to be the result of good or bad actions done in one state of existence and experienced in another, the performance of good deeds being rewarded with residence in Heaven, and of bad deeds, visited with condemnation to Hell; धर्माधर्माबद्दष्टं स्यात् धर्मः स्वर्गीद-साधनम ... अधर्मी नरकादीनां हेतुर्निन्दितकर्मजः Bhāsā P. 161-2. The Vedantins do not recognize अदृष्ट or luck; तैहिं कर्मणः सूक्ष्मावस्थापन्नसंस्कारविशेष एव अदृष्टस्थानीयत्वेनाङ्गीकियते; अदृष्टम आत्मधर्म इति नैयायिका वैशेषिकादयश्च, सांख्यपातज्ञलास्तु बुद्धिधर्म इत्यभ्यपगच्छन्ति Tv.) -4 An unforeseen calamity or danger (such as from fire, water &c.) -Comp. -अर्थ a. ্ৰ.] having a metaphysical or occult meaning, metaphysical; having an object not evident to the senses. -कमंन a. one who has had no practice or practical experience, not practical, inexperienced; कर्म-स्वदृष्टकर्मा यः शास्त्रज्ञोऽपि विमुह्मति H. 3. 54. -कल्पना Supposition of an invisible object or idea. दष्टे सत्यदष्टकल्पनाऽ-न्याया -नरः,-पुरुषः one of the 20 ways of peace-making, in which no third person is seen, said of a treaty concluded by the parties themselves without a mediator यत्र शत्रुः पणं कुर्यात्सोऽदृष्टपुरुषः स्मृतः H. 4. 119. -फल a. [ब.] that of which the consequences are not yet visible. (उम) the (future) result of good or bad actions; the result or consequence hidden in the future. - हन a. destroying poisonous vermin (?).

अदृष्टिः f. [विरुद्धा दृष्टिः] 1 An evil or malicious eye, evil look, an angry or envious look. -2 Not being seen. -a. [न. ब.] Blind, sightless.

अदेय a. Not to be given; what cannot or ought not to be given away; अदेयमासीत्त्रयमेव भूपतेः R. 3. 16. —यम् That which it is not right or necessary to give-wife,